

664A.5 Modification — entry of permanent no-contact order.

If a defendant is convicted of, receives a deferred judgment for, or pleads guilty to a public offense referred to in [section 664A.2, subsection 1](#), or is held in contempt for a violation of a no-contact order issued under [section 664A.3](#) or for a violation of a protective order issued pursuant to [chapter 232, 235F, 236, 236A, 598, or 915](#), the court shall either terminate or modify the temporary no-contact order issued by the magistrate. The court may enter a no-contact order or continue the no-contact order already in effect for a period of five years from the date the judgment is entered or the deferred judgment is granted, regardless of whether the defendant is placed on probation.

[2006 Acts, ch 1101, §9; 2007 Acts, ch 180, §7; 2014 Acts, ch 1107, §25; 2017 Acts, ch 121, §31](#)

Referred to in [§664A.3, 708.2A](#)